TEACHER MATERIALS - Measurement Cow

CONCEPTS: Mathematics - Capacity - measurement

Puzzles - addition

- subtraction

Social Studies - identity (economic p. 58)

- culture (economic p. 58)

- technology (economic pp. 60, 61)

OBJECTIVES: 1. The students will understand the measurement of gallon, quart, pint, and cup and how they relate to one another.

2. The students understand that milk and butter production begins with a cow.

MATERIALS: Milk containers in various sizes: gallon

half gallon quart pint

half pint (cup)

measuring cups funnel water

ACTIVITIES: 1. Conduct this lesson in conjunction with the lesson on butter in Social Studies on pages 2-161 through 2-174.

- 2. Discuss with the students the measurements you can buy milk in: gallons, half-gallons, quarts, pints, and half-pints (cups).
- 3. Explain the gallon as a large unit of measurement.

- 4. Have students draw a body for the cow on worksheet "A", label it 'one gallon.' For an example, see the answer sheet.
- 5. Take a gallon container and pour one-half gallon of water into it. Ask,"How full is the gallon?" Add another and ask, "How many half-gallons does it take to fill it up?" Discuss the concept of half and half-gallon.
- 6. Now do the same with quarts. How many quarts does it take to fill up the gallon?
- 7. Have the students draw the first joint of each of the cows legs and label each 1 quart.
- 8. Follow the same procedure with the pints if available or half-pints.
- Have the students complete the second joint with pints and label these and the last joint with half-pints or cups and label these.
- 10. If it is too difficult to start "from scratch," use the third cow with blank limbs and fill in the amounts.
- 11. Make a cow bulletin board using milk cartons of all sizes.

^{*} This lesson was adapted with permission from Nebraska's Ag in the Classroom materials.

Liquid Measurement Cow Worksheet A





