Why Agriculture?
Teaching about agriculture in is an ideal way for students to learn and provides real-life connections to science, math, and social studies concepts. Agriculture is a topic that students can easily connect to because they encounter it often. Who doesn’t enjoy talking about food? Nearly everything we eat, wear, use -- even the fuel that powers the cars and buses they ride in -- comes from plants and animals grown on farms. Agriculture provides perfect real-world connections to STEM and makes learning relevant to students.

Helping students understand the farm-to-table connection is important in our consumer-driven society. Teaching students to be agriculturally literate connects their learning to everyday life. That is what the Ag Today series is all about.

About Ag Today
Ag Today is a great supplement to your science, social studies, and language arts curriculum. Each issue is chock-full of discussion topics, new vocabulary, and other materials that you can easily integrate into lessons. Major highlights of each issue include:

Theme: Agriculture is Everywhere
- Overview of Agriculture
- Major agriculture crops and livestock
- Agriculture products
- Agricultural careers

Theme: Food, Health & Lifestyle
- Carbohydrates, proteins, fats, minerals, vitamins, and water
- USDA My Plate
- Safe food handling

Theme: Agriculture and the Environment
- Natural resource management
- Agriculture in global ecosystems

Integration Ideas
This resource can help supplement a number of different things you are probably already teaching. Here are a couple of suggested ideas.

Science & Math
- Use the careers listed on the back cover to draw connections between agriculture and STEM.
- Identify the STEM involved in producing and using our Powerhouse Crops & Livestock (pg. 4 & 5).
- Using this and two other print/digital sources, ask students to describe conservation practices used in agriculture.

Social Studies
- Discuss how advances in agriculture technology impact the local and global economies.
- Explore supply and demand as it relates to food and agriculture.
- Create a mental map to organize information about people, places, and environments discussed in this issue.

Language Arts
- Ask students to annotate or make “thinking tracks” in the margins as they read Ag Today jotting down thoughts and questions. Then discuss their thinking tracks in small groups.
- Use agriculture for creative and argumentative writing and group discussions. E.g. Explain why agriculture is important to someone who has expressed an opposing point of view.

Alignment with Standards and Lexile

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Lexile Measure = 840L</th>
<th>Essential Concept and Skill</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>4-LS1-</td>
<td></td>
<td>Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>4-ESS2-1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Make observations and/or measurements to provide evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind, or vegetation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>4-ESS3-1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Obtain and combine information to describe that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>4-ESS2-2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Analyze and interpret data from maps to describe patterns of Earth’s features.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Studies</td>
<td>Economics: 15</td>
<td></td>
<td>Investment in factories, machinery, new technology, and in the health, education, and training of people stimulates economic growth and can raise future standards of living.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Studies</td>
<td>NCSS: PPE3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Learners will develop their spatial views and perspectives of the world, and to understand the relationships between people, places, and environments. Learners examine where people, places, and resources are located, why they are there, and why this matters; they explore the effects of the environment on human activities, and the impact of these</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Glossary

Some words in Ag Today may be unfamiliar to your students. These words often appear in bold type. Many are defined in the articles. Words you might wish to pre-teach are: agriculture, food, fiber, fuel (cover); water cycle, terraces, buffer strips, erosion (pg. 2); field corn, legumes, cows, hen, tom, rooster, broiler, layer (pgs. 4&5); biotechnology, genetics, fertilizer, GPS, precision agriculture, wind turbines, wind farms, renewable fuels, solar energy (pg. 6); nutrition, protein, grains (pg. 7); conservationist, lend (pg. 8)

Discussion Prompts

Cover (Agriculture is Everywhere)

1. Agriculture is everywhere. What are the agriculture connections on this page? (Food, backpack, clothing, paper, pencils, books, school bus (tires, fuel, upholstery), and soap.)

2. Why is it important for all people to know about agriculture? (We all depend on agriculture for food, clothing and shelter. It's important to understand how our needs are supplied as we make decisions about using land, protecting resources, keeping food safe and much more.)

Student Page 2 (Agriculture and the Environment)

1. Describe the water cycle. (Water evaporates into the air forming clouds moving around the globe. Water falls from the clouds as snow or rain onto the land. Water runs off or through the land into rivers and lakes and eventually oceans. Sun will warm the oceans causing evaporation.)

2. Why is it important to keep water clean? (Too much pollution can cause problems for humans drinking water, fish and other animals living in the water and even swimming in the water.)

3. How do we keep water clean? (Allowing for natural filtration through soil and plants and reducing pollutants that are put into water).

4. How can you help protect the soil? (Minimize exposed soil and prevent excess water that could lead to runoff.)

Student Page 3 (Culture, Society, Economy, & Geography)

1. What companies have facilities located in each of these cities? (Listed alphabetically by city: Skippy, Pepperidge Farm, Jack's, Ore-Ida Birdseye, Baker Cheese, Orville Redenbacher's, Tyson, Nalley's)

2. What other agribusinesses are in your state?

3. What other agriculture and food products your state?

Student Pages 4 and 5 (Plants and Animals for Food, Fiber & Energy)

1. What have you eaten or used today that came from plants and animals? (clothes, toothpaste, food, pencil, paper, toilet paper, towels, crayons, leather shoes, etc.)

2. What is the difference between field corn and sweet corn? (Sweet corn is eaten fresh. Field corn is harvested dry and can be turned into hundreds of other food and industrial products.)

3. How are dairy cattle and beef cattle used differently?

4. What different purposes are chickens raised for? (broilers are raised specifically for their meat, layers are raised to produce eggs)

Student Page 6 (Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics)

1. What are two reasons scientists might use biotechnology when studying plants? (make the plants disease resistant, make plants drought resistant, make plants more nutritious, make the plants more productive, etc.)

2. How can using technology help farmers improve? (apply less fertilizer by being more precise)

3. Describe three types of renewable energy farmers use? (solar energy – from the sun, wind energy – from wind turbines, and biofuels – from plants)

Student Page 7 (Food, Health & Lifestyle)

1. Why should you follow the MyPlate guidelines to eating? (helps guide healthy eating by avoiding oversized portions, eating more fruits and vegetables, eating a big variety of proteins and eating calcium rich foods.)

2. What are some protein options or alternatives other than meat? (beans, peas, lentils, wheat, whole oats, millet, quinoa)

Student Page 8 (Career Corner)

1. Who do you know that has a career in or related to agriculture?

2. How many different careers related to agriculture can you name? (farm news reporter, grain broker, farm insurance agent, agricultural lender, food distribution manager, agriculture education teacher, soil conservationist, agriculture engineer, food engineer, crop specialist, plant breeder, veterinarian, livestock production manager, food chemist, food researcher, dairy scientist, equine scientist, greenhouse manager, floral designer, agricultural aviator, animal nutritionist, meat scientist, beekeeper, etc.)

Show what you know - Key

1. Water cycle

2. False – Agriculture encompasses all of the research, growing, selling, marketing, and transportation of plants and animals for food, fiber, and fuel.

3. Solar energy

4. b. French fries

5. d. All of the above

6. Cover bare soil with plant matter or put plants in the soil to hold the soil in place

7. 500 gallons of water weigh 2 tons or 4,000 pounds

8. b. GPS can help steer the tractor

9. Bacon

10. Dairy cattle
Show what you know!

Take this short quiz before you read Ag Today, then again after reading the magazine. See the improvement!

1. What is the process in which the earth recycles water over and over again and changes water molecules from a solid to liquid to gas? __________________

2. Agriculture is only about farming. Circle one: True False
   Explain why you think this.

3. Some farmers use the sun to power their lights and heaters in barns. What type of energy are they using? __________________

4. Which of the following is NOT a good source of protein?

5. Which of the items below is made from plants?
   a. Clothing
   b. Building materials
   c. Fuel
   d. All of the above

6. One way to take care of our soils is to stay on sidewalks and trails when walking. What is another way you can take care of the soil? Explain.

7. A gallon of water weighs 8 pounds! How many gallons of water are in 2 tons? (Remember: 1 ton = 2,000 pounds) Show your thinking process.

8. Describe one way that technology is used in agriculture.

9. The meat from pigs is called pork. Which of the following is a pork product?
   a. Bacon    b. Hamburger    c. Wings

10. Which type of cattle do we get milk from? (Circle) Beef cattle or Dairy cattle
Read the story below and circle the things that came from agriculture.

Sam did not want to get out of bed. The air was cold. He was warm under his soft cotton sheets and blanket. When Sam finally got up, the wood floor in his bedroom was cold. He wished his room had carpet. He quickly ran across the room and grabbed socks, underwear, jeans, and a sweatshirt out of his old wooden dresser.

Next he headed to the bathroom to shower. His mom opened the bathroom door to remind him to wash well. Sam didn’t always remember to use soap and shampoo. He quickly finished his shower, grabbed a fluffy warm towel and dried off. He got dressed, brushed his teeth with his favorite toothpaste, and headed to the kitchen.

Sam usually ate cereal or yogurt for breakfast, but today his mom was making pancakes and sausage. Sam’s favorite! He ate every last bite and washed it down with a glass of orange juice. He was still hungry. He took a banana and granola bar to eat on the way to school.

Sam sat at the table and read his favorite comic in the newspaper until it was time to leave. In a few minutes Sam put on his coat, hat, and wool mittens. He grabbed his lunch and backpack, hugged his mom good-bye, and headed out the door to the bus stop.

Once Sam got to school….  

How many of the items in the story came from agriculture? ______

Use the space below and back of this page to write a short story about the rest of Sam’s day. What did Sam do at school? Include at least 5 things from agriculture in your story. Hint: Read Ag Today for ideas.