Minnesota Apples: Sweet Fruit, Bitter Controversies



This Hyperdoc belongs to:

Hour:



Highlight boxes to change from red (not started) to yellow (in progress) to green (done)

Apple intro - organic taste test	7. Evaluate strength of evidence	
2. GMO intro - close reading, POV	8. Found & read online video	
3. Opposing views topic chosen	9. Evaluate support for a claim	
4. Opposing views articles chosen	10. Formed opinion from evidence	
5. First reading: POV, main ideas	11. Created annotated bibliography	
6. Found & read digital article	12. Did optional enrichment activity	

Print articles I selected from the class list

1.

2.

Digital article and video I found myself (and evaluated the site for Who/What/When!)

3.

4.

Activity #1: Launch Questions - type your answers

Do you like apples?

What's your favorite kind?

Do you buy organic or conventional? Both? Not sure?

Did you know? Since 1888, the U of M has bred over 30 varieties of apples!

Click here to see the varieties!



Click here to watch the apple video:



Click here to watch the organic food taste test:





Organic Apple Taste Test - type your answers

- > Sensory observations:
- > What did you like/dislike about it?
- ➤ Did it taste different than a "conventional" apple?

Activity #2: Learning about GMOS (Genetically Modified Organisms)

Apples are more complicated than we thought! First, we have to decide between organic or conventional varieties. Now we have to decide how we feel about GMO's!?

The future of food technology? Click here to watch the Risking Mother Nature's wrath? Arctic Apple time lapse:



Close read of GMO Apple Article from Twin Cities Daily Planet

Use a pencil & highlighter to help remember important information.

Things to note as you read:

- > Who is the author?
- > Is she an expert?
- > When was the article published?
- > What is the author's point of view?
- d:

List three pieces of evidence you fou	n
---------------------------------------	---

1.

2.

3.

> What additional questions did you think about that the article didn't answer?

Genetically-modified debate	d apples spur
By Rebecca Harrington (The Minnesota Daily) July 26, 2012	
▼ Tweet Like 0	Print Ema
David Bedford, a University of Minnesota apple-breeding resear almost ripe for picking Monday at the Horticultural Research Ce thousands of naturally breed apple varieties every season to deter consumer market. (Photo by Marisa Wojcik)	nter near Victoria, Minn. Bedford samples
Genetically modified apples can't be found at a gr	rocery store in the United States
but a Canadian company could change that.	

Essential skills we will work on in this lesson:



- > Identifying key opposing viewpoints; defending & justifying a position
- > Explain how & why governments regulate pesticides & agriculture
- > Identify an author's point of view and cite supporting evidence
- > Evaluate each side of an argument; if they fact vs. opinion
- > Researching digital resources; using a website evaluation matrix
- > Citing sources in a bibliography; paraphrasing vs. direct quotes

Search Key Words:

Apples
Conventional
EPA
GMO
Non-GMO
Orchard
Organic
Pesticides

Regulation

USDA



Related Vocabulary:

Blight – the rapid and extensive discoloration, wilting and death of plant tissues

Carcinogen - cancer causing agent

Certified Organic – inspected by the USDA to ensure compliance to organic growing / harvest procedures

Food Labeling – requirements for certain nutrients, chemicals and ingredients to be listed on packing materials

Hardy – able to withstand the cold of winter in open air

Harvest – the season when ripe crops are gathered

Hybrid – a cross breed of two different kinds of plants, often by direct human interference in pollination

Insecticide – a substance or preparation used to kill insects Neonicotinoids – insecticides that target the central nervous

system of insects resulting in paralysis or death

Pest – an insect or other small animal that harms or destroys garden or farm plants, trees or produce

Toxic - acting or having the effect of poison

Activity #3: Topic Selection - what are you most interested in?

Highlight your choice in YELLOW. Not sure? Skim & scan some articles on Page 4.

Choice #1: Organic versus Conventional - Do the benefits outweigh the added cost?

Choice #2: GMO versus non-GMO - Is genetically enhanced food worth the risks?

Choice #3: (Advanced) "Club Apples": Should apple tree varieties designed at the U of MN, paid for with MN tax dollars, be offered first to Minnesota farmers?

Activity #4: Article Selection - Choose one article from each viewpoint Highlight your choices in YELLOW. Then print a copy of each article to mark up.

Choice #1: Organic versus Conventional Growing:

Article A: "Food & Pesticides" by the EPA - click to preview

Article B: "Five Reasons to Eat Organic Apples" by Forbes - click to preview

Article C: "Stinkbugs a Persistent Problem for Crops" by Newsela - click to preview

Article D: "Organic vs. Regular Apples" by Wake the Wolves - click to preview

Article E: "Why you shouldn't panic about pesticides" by NPR - click to preview

Article F: "Organic Foods are Healthier" by Adam Berger (1260L) - click to preview

Article G: "Organic Food is Unnecessary" by Nancy Sprague (1310L) - click here

Choice #2: GMO vs. Non-GMO

Article H: "Say NO to GMO Apples" by Friends of the Earth - click to preview

Article I: "GMOs and engineered food" by Newsela - click to preview

Article J: "Pro/Con Putting GMO Info on food labels" by Newsela - click to preview

Article K: "GMO foods - an overview" by Alex Rich (1390L) - click to preview

Article L: "GMO foods are unsafe" by Tim Anderson (1330L) - click to preview

Article M: "GMO foods should be regulated" by Sally Driscoll (1260L) - click here

Article N: "GMO will improve global agriculture" by Jeff Bowman (1250L) - click here

Article O: "The many benefits of GMO food" by John Pearson (1480L) - click here

Choice #3: "Club Apples" - Unfair Monopoly or Industry Norm?

NOTE: This is a complex legal issue, not discussed in class. It is marked Advanced

Article P: "SweeTango at the center of controversy" by Pioneer Press - click here

Article Q: "SweeTango invites fans" by Marketwired - click to preview

Article R: "Litigants settle SweeTango dispute" by Matt Milkovich - click to preview

Article S: "Want to grow these apples? You have to join the club" by NPR - click here

Article T: "SweeTango: About our growers" by NextBigThing Coop - click to preview

Article U: "MN wants a monopoly on Honeycrisp" by Emily Kaiser - click to preview

Article V: "Sweetango agreement riles some apple growers" by MPR - click here

Print, read and mark up your paper articles
Use a <u>pencil</u> & <u>highlighter</u> to help remember important information.
Article 1 Title: ➤ Who is the author? ➤ Is s/he an expert? ➤ When was the article published? ➤ What is the author's viewpoint?
➤ List three pieces of evidence you found:
1.
2.
3.
> What additional questions did you think about that the article didn't answer?
1.
2.
Article 2 Title: ➤ Who is the author? ➤ Is s/he an expert? ➤ When was the article published? ➤ What is the author's viewpoint?
List three pieces of evidence you found:1.2.
3.

> What additional questions did you think about that the article didn't answer?

1.

2.

Activity #6: Using a Keyword Search to find digital resources

Start at http://www.elm4you.org/databases/topics/middleschool

- > Try one or two keywords or vocabulary words from Page 3 in this document
- >> Brittanica Middle School and Student Resources in Context have electronic citation generators!
- > Many of the ELM databases also have video resources if you scroll far enough

If you can't find anything in the ELM databases, "Google with care"!

- > Use the same keywords you tried before, or get help refining your search
- > Skip past links that look like ads; look for "professional" websites/URL's
- > Always evaluate the website for "Who/What/When"
 - Who wrote it? Is s/he an expert? Can you contact him/her?
 - What information in the article is helpful? Can I read it for understanding?
 - When was it published? Is this current information? Do the links work?

Activity #7: Evaluate Strength of Evidence Using your new digital article, Expand Learning with Clear Thinking complete the paper copy of this form → Evaluate the Strength of Evidence 1. What is the main idea of the first paragraph? Type the article name here: List two facts that support it most strongly. Paraphrase them in your own words 2. Outline the passage—list the parts that the writer included. You may find them identified with boldface sub-headings. You may have to figure out what those are Article URL: Article author: 3. What is a claim that the writer makes about the topic? Professional/publication organization: What is the strongest evidence the writer gives to support that claim? List two examples or facts that the writer includes that support the claim most strongly. Paraphrase them-write them in your own words

Activity #8: Using a Keyword Search to find digital videos

Start at http://www.elm4you.org/databases/topics/middleschool

- > Try one or two keywords or vocabulary words from Page 3 in this document
- > Look for filters for video content or embedded videos in articles on your topic

If you can't find anything in the ELM databases, "Google with care"!

- > Use the same keywords you tried before, or get help refining your search
- > Go to the "videos" tab or repeat your search starting at YouTube
- > Always evaluate the video for "Who/What/When"
 - Who created it? Is s/he an expert? Does s/he have a website?
 - What information in the video is helpful? Was it short and concise?
 - When was it published? Is this current information? Do links work?

Activity #9: Evaluate Support for a claim DOD) Using your new video resource, Expand Core Competence Evaluate the Strength of Evidence that Supports a Claim CCSSR8 Analyze the sufficiency of evidence to support a claim. complete the paper copy of this form → Read a nonfiction text. What is a claim the writer makes? Type the video name here: List three examples of evidence the writer uses to support the claim Evidence Video URL: Video creator: Then decide which evidence is strongest. Here are ways a writer helps the reader see how strong the evidence is: ■ The writer clearly states the evidence and explains how it supports the claim. ■ The writer includes specific information in the evidence. ■ The writer may strengthen the evidence by quoting an expert or a person who is directly involved in the situation. Which evidence is strongest? __1 __2 __3 Professional organization or website: Why do you think it is the strongest?

Got extra time? Share and compare your resources & evaluations with a partner.

Activity #10: Putting it all together

Using all your resource notes and evaluations, use this final form to compile the most important information. After it is complete, staple all your notes behind it.

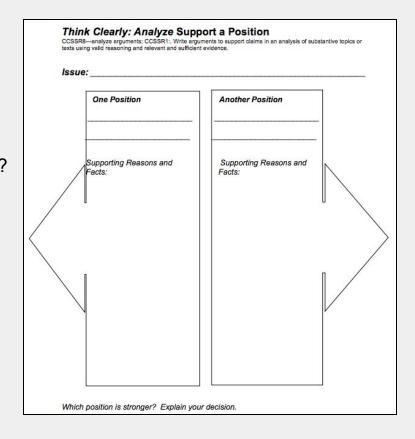
You should now be able to answer:

- > What are the opposing views
- > Who is on each "side"?
- > What is their evidence?
- ➤ How does the government intervene to regulate the issue?
- > How do I feel about the issue?
- ➤ What evidence convinced me?

And most importantly:

➤ What Minnesota apple do I want to try next?!? :)





Activity #11: Create an annotated bibliography - RIGHT HERE!

If you have been taking good notes, this should be easy! An annotated bibliography is simply a topic summary paragraph, followed by a collection of source citations. In between each citation is a sentence or two describing how that source supports your summary paragraph. (Hint: the TC Daily Planet article is already done for you)

- 1. Go to the "Add-Ons" menu at the top of the page.
- 2. Start up the "Easy Bib Bibliography Creator" program (or install it first!).
- 3. Click "Manage Bibliography".
- 4. Select "Website".
- 5. Paste in the Website URL of one of your resources. Click "Search"
- 6. When you find the right one, click "Add Bibliography to Doc"

Reminder: you should be adding <u>FOUR</u> citations & annotations to the Works Cited!

Annotated Bibliography Summary Paragraph (Type your summary below)

Works Cited

Rebecca Harrington, (The Minnesota Daily). "Genetically-modified Apples Spur Debate." *Twin Cities Daily Planet*. 02 Aug. 2012. Web. 31 July 2017.

This website outlines many reasons why apple growers and consumers are wary about trying genetically modified apples. Traditional apple breeding takes many years to enhance features. Genetic modifications can take months or years. It is such a new technology, there is little safety research. This scares people.