Food Explorations Lab: Label Logic

STUDENT LAB INVESTIGATIONS

Name:_____

Lab Overview

In this investigation, your group will use the information on Nutrition Facts labels of two potato chip products to determine which one provides the best nutrition for your body. You will calculate the mass of each macronutrient in three servings of the chips, measure these masses using *representative* ingredients, and convert the measured amounts to a common household volume measurement (teaspoons). You will also calculate the calories in the foods that are from each macronutrient (i.e. fat, carbohydrate, protein).

Lab Objectives

In this lab, you will learn how to...

- 1. Read a Nutrition Facts label.
- 2. Compare and contrast the nutritional differences between two snacks based on calories, carbohydrate, fat, sugar, sodium, and fiber content.
- 3. Select healthier food choices using Nutrition Facts labels.

Lab Safety: Before beginning ANY investigation you should put on your safety goggles and apron. Always wash your hands following completion of an investigation. When handling food, you should also wash your hands prior to beginning an investigation.

Lab Question

According to the Nutrition Facts label, which snack (Classic Potato Chips or Baked Potato Chips) has the best nutrition profile?

Prediction: The ______ chips have the best nutrition profile because...

Understanding Food Label Measurements & Weights

MATERIALS

- 1 small cup of salt (represents sodium)
- 1 small cup of sugar (represents carbohydrates)
- 1 small cup of softened butter (represents saturated fat)
- 1 small cup of olive oil (represents unsaturated fat)
- 1 set of measuring spoons
- 1 triple beam balance
- 4 small empty cups

PROCEDURE

1. Read the Nutrition Facts labels below.

SNACK #1: CLASSIC POTATO CHIPS

Nutrition Facts Serving Size 1 oz.				
Amount Per Serving				
Calories 150	Calories fro	om Fat 90		
	% Da	ily Value		
Total Fat 10g		16%		
Saturated Fat 1g		6%		
Polyunsaturate	d Fat 4.5g			
Monounsatura	ted Fat 4.5g			
Trans Fat 0g				
Cholesterol 0mg		0%		
Sodium 180g		7%		
Potassium 330g		9%		
Total Carbohydrate 15g		5%		
Dietary Fiber 1	g	4%		
Sugars 0g				
Protein 2g				

SNACK #2: BAKED POTATO CHIPS

Nutrition Facts Serving Size 1 oz. **Amount Per Serving** Calories 120 Calories from Fat 30 % Daily Value Total Fat 3g 5% 3% Saturated Fat 0.5g Polyunsaturated Fat 1.5g Monounsaturated Fat 1g Trans Fat Og Cholesterol 0mg 0% 7% **Sodium** 160g Potassium 290g 8% Total Carbohydrate 21g 7% Dietary Fiber 2g 8%

Sugars 2g

Protein 2g

- 2. Find Total Calories, Total Carbohydrates (grams), and Total Fat on each label. Calculate their amounts for 3 servings and record your findings in Table A. (*HINT:* Multiply each by 3.)
- 3. Draw a circle around *Serving Size* on each Nutrition Facts label.
- 4. Draw a square around *Saturated Fat* on each Nutrition Facts label.
 - a. How much Saturated Fat is in 3 servings of each snack? Record this number of grams in Table B.
 - b. Use the balance and measure the mass of an empty plastic cup. Add the calculated mass of Saturated Fat to the mass of the cup.

Mass of cup ______g + Mass of Saturated Fat ______g =

- c. Place the riders on the balance to equal the Total Mass. Add the softened butter (representing *Saturated Fat*) to the plastic cup until the scale balances.
- d. Measure the gram amount of 3 servings of Saturated Fat using measuring spoons (teaspoon). Record your findings in Table B.

NOTE: Softened butter is being used to represent Saturated fat in this investigation, however butter is only one type of saturated fat in the diet. Some other sources include tropical oils (palm and coconut).

- 5. Underline the Unsaturated Fats on the Nutrition Facts label for the Classic Potato Chips.
 - a. How many grams of *Unsaturated Fats* are in 3 servings of each snack? Record this number of grams in Table B.

NOTE: You should choose foods that are have higher amounts of unsaturated fats compared to saturated fats. In general, unsaturated fats are healthier than saturated fats.

b. Use the balance and measure the mass of an empty plastic cup. Add the calculated mass of *Unsaturated Fat* to the mass of the cup.

Mass of cup ______g + Mass of Unsaturated Fat _____g =

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Total Mass of Unsaturated Fat _____g
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- c. Place the riders on the balance to equal the Total Mass. Add the olive oil (representing *Unsaturated Fat*) to the plastic cup until the scale balances.
- d. Measure the gram amount of 3 servings of Unsaturated Fat using measuring spoons (teaspoon). Record your findings in Table B.

NOTE: Olive oil is being used to represent unsaturated fat in this investigation, however olive oil is only one type of unsaturated fat in the diet. Some other sources include canola and soybean oils, flaxseeds and walnuts.

- 4. Draw a triangle around *Sodium* on each Nutrition Facts label.
 - a. Measure the Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) (2,300 mg) for *Sodium*. Use the balance and salt (representing *Sodium*) to measure the appropriate number of grams. You will first need to convert milligrams to grams. Record your finding in Table B.

b. Use the balance to measure the mass of an empty plastic cup. Add the calculated mass of sodium to the mass of the cup.

Mass of cup ______g + Mass of Sodium _____g =

Total Mass of Sodium _____g

- c. Place the riders on the balance to equal the Total Mass. Add the salt (representing sodium) to the plastic cup until the scale balances.
- d. Measure the gram amount of *Sodium* using measuring spoons (teaspoon). Record your finding in Table B.

NOTE: Salt is being used to represent sodium in this investigation, however salt is only 40% sodium and 60% chloride.

- 5. Draw a circle around *Sugars* on each Nutrition Facts label.
 - a. How much Sugar is in 3 servings of each snack? Record this number of grams in Table B.
 - b. Use the balance and measure the mass of an empty plastic cup. Add the calculated mass of sugar to the mass of the cup.

Mass of cupg + Mass of Sugaig = Total Mass of Sugaig	Mass of cup	g + Mass of Sugar	g = Total Mass of Sugar	_g
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- c. Place the riders on the balance to equal the Total Mass. Add the sugar to the plastic cup until the scale balances.
- d. Measure the gram amount of 3 servings of *Sugar* using measuring spoons (teaspoon). Record your finding in Table B.

NOTE: Table sugar is being used to represent all sugar in this investigation; however table sugar is only one type of sugar in the diet. Some other sources include candy, corn syrup, honey, jam or jelly, soda, fruit juices, and ketchup. On the Nutrition Facts label, Sugars can also include natural sources from fruits, olives, grains and dairy foods. To find added sugar, look at the ingredients list. Ingredients like corn syrup, high-fructose corn syrup, fruit juice concentrate, maltose, dextrose, sucrose, honey, maple syrup, and cane sugar are considered added sugars.

6. Draw a star next to the Nutrition Facts label with the most *fiber*.

Table A: Total Calories, Carbohydrates, and Fat

	Snack #1: Classic Potato Chips	Snack #2: Baked Potato Chips
Calories	calories	calories
Carbohydrate	grams	grams
Fat	grams	grams

Table B: Saturated Fat, Unsaturated Fat, Sugar, and Sodium

	Snack #1: Classic Potato Chips	Snack #2: Baked Potato Chips
Saturated Fat	grams tsp	grams tsp
Unsaturated Fat	grams tsp	grams tsp
Sugar	grams tsp	grams tsp

HINT: To obtain total grams Unsaturated fat, you will need to add Polyunsaturated fat (grams) and monounsaturated fat (grams).

Conclusion:

1. Calculate the calories from total carbohydrates for 3 servings for each label. Use the grams of *Total Carbohydrate* found on the food labels. (*HINT:* There are 4 calories for each gram of carbohydrate.)

Label 1. x =

Label 2. x =

2. Calculate the calories from total fat in 3 servings for each label. Use the grams of *Total Fat* found on the food labels. (HINT: There are 9 calories for each gram of fat.)

Label 1. x =

Label 2. x =

3. Calculate the calories for *Saturated Fat* in 3 servings for each label. Use the grams of saturated fat found on the food labels. (*HINT*: There are 9 calories for each gram of fat.)

Label 1. x =

Label 2. x =

Which product has more calories from fat?

- - 4. Calculate the calories from sugar in 3 servings for each label. Use the grams of sugar found on the food labels. (HINT: There are 4 calories for each gram of carbohydrate.) Show your work.

Label 1. Х =

Label 2. Х =

Which product has more calories per serving from sugar?

5. Calculate how many teaspoons of saturated fat are in 3 servings for each snack. Use the density of butter to estimate saturated fat. There are approximately 4.5 grams of butter in a teaspoon. Show your work.

Label 1:

Label 2:

6. Calculate how many teaspoons of unsaturated fat are in 3 servings for each snack. There are approximately 4.5 grams of olive oil in a teaspoon. *Show your work*.

Label 1:

Label 2:

7. Calculate how many teaspoons of sugar are in 3 servings for each snack. There are approximately 4 grams of sugar in 1 teaspoon. *Show your work*.

Label 1:

Label 2:

8. Do your calculations match your measurements in Table B? YES NO Why? Explain any differences.

9. Use the Nutrition Facts labels to complete the chart below. Draw an "X" next to the best answer.

Which snack option is the best option if you wanted to...

	Classic Potato Chips	Baked Potato Chips
Reduce Total Fat Intake		
Reduce Saturated Fat Intake		
Reduce Sodium Intake		
Reduce Sugar Intake		
Increase Fiber Intake		

10. Referring to the chart above, which snack has the best nutrition profile? Explain.