## **Know Your Nitrogen Lab**

Name:	

You have landed an intern position with your county farm advisor at the UC Cooperative Extension. Your boss has been teaching you about soils, plant nutrient requirements, fertilizers, and water quality monitoring. You are excited to receive the first job assignment that you will carry out on your own.

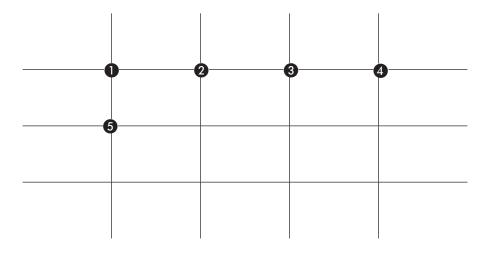
Your job is to perform nitrate tests on soil samples that you will collect from a local lettuce farm. Once you have the test results, you and your boss will work on a recommendation for the lettuce farmer that will maximize crop productivity while minimizing the risk of nitrate run off.

Nitrogen is a very important nutrient for plant growth. It is your job to help the farmer produce a healthy crop through the appropriate use of fertilizers while also protecting environmental quality.



## **Collecting Soil Samples**

Your first step is to collect soil samples with your classmates. The following grid shows an example of how to collect representative soil samples from the field. Groups may collect soil samples from intersecting points on the transect lines, possibly intersecting every 15 feet (continue numbering the grid below and assign numbers to each group). Use a soil core sampler or shovel to dig a uniform soil core sample 6 inches deep. Place the soil sample in a plastic resealable bag and label it with the grid location with a waterproof marker.



## Know Your Nitrogen Lab Data Sheet

	Name:
soi	ur boss informed you that the soil texture from the lettuce field is and the lettuce is and the soil texture from the Nitrata Quick Text Procedure beneat to convert your pitrata.
	e the correction factor from the chart on the Nitrate Quick Test Procedure hanout to convert your nitrate t strip reading to ppm.
1.	Write your nitrate level from your core sample here in ppm and on the board in the grid spaces that you sampled from the field.
2.	What is the average nitrate level from your compiled class data?
	Examine the soil sampling grid on the board. Discuss any variances in nitrate levels as a class. Could this be sampling error or is something else causing a difference in nitrate levels in the field?
Us	e the nitrate test interpretation guide to answer the following questions:
3.	Does the lettuce farmer need to apply fertilizer containing nitrogen?
4.	Explain your reasoning:
5.	Do some research and list three different fertilizer options that would add nitrogen to the soil.
6.	Describe the results of your soil drainage test.
	List at least three reasons why this would be of interest to the farmer.

7. Write a one-paragraph summary to the lettuce farmer explaining the results of the nitrate test and your recommendation for fertilizer application. Include three supporting facts to support your recommendation. Address precautions for reducing risk of nitrates moving off site from the lettuce field, soil drainage, and other data that needs to be collected from the farm.